

CORRECTION

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# Correction: RRM2 silencing suppresses malignant phenotype and enhances radiosensitivity via activating cGAS/STING signaling pathway in lung adenocarcinoma

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In this article [1], the representative images of CD4 and CD8 staining for tumor IHC were carelessly repeated in Fig. 8. The corrected Fig. 8 should have appeared as shown in this correction.

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The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13578-021-00586-5>.

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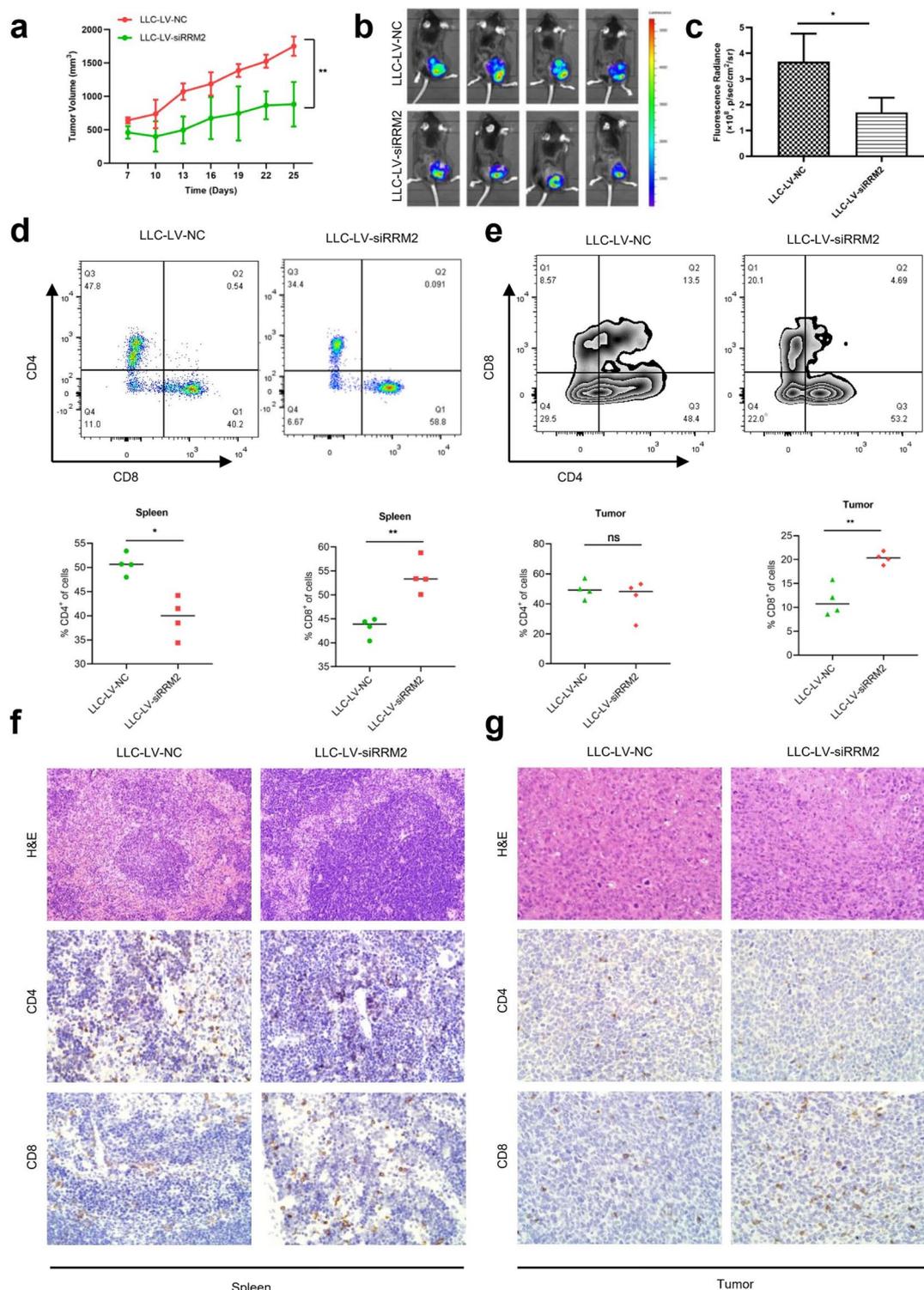
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**Fig. 8** RRM2 silencing has anti-tumor effects and enhances CD8<sup>+</sup>T cells infiltrations in Lewis mice model. Lewis mice were injected with LV-NC and LV-siRRM2 infected LLC cells. **a** The tumor volumes were measured every 3 days and depicted in the line chart. **b, c** Representative IVIS spectrum imaging for tumor-bearing mice. The fluorescence radiance comparison between LLC-LV-NC and LLC-LV-siRRM2 groups. **d, e** Representative flow cytometry of CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup>T cells in spleens and tumors. Quantitative analysis of CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup>T cells in spleens and tumors. **f, g** Representative image of CD4 and CD8 staining for spleens and tumors by IHC. Scale bar: 100 μm. \**p* < 0.05, \*\**p* < 0.01, ns: not significant

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